

Centre Number						Candidate Number				
Surname										
Other Names										
Candidate Signature										

For Examiner's Use	
Examiner's Initials	
Question	Mark
1	
2	
3	
4	
5	
6	
7	
TOTAL	



General Certificate of Education
Advanced Level Examination
June 2011

Mathematics

MFP2

Unit Further Pure 2

Monday 13 June 2011 9.00 am to 10.30 am

For this paper you must have:

- the blue AQA booklet of formulae and statistical tables.

You may use a graphics calculator.

Time allowed

- 1 hour 30 minutes

Instructions

- Use black ink or black ball-point pen. Pencil should only be used for drawing.
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page.
- Answer **all** questions.
- Write the question part reference (eg (a), (b)(i) etc) in the left-hand margin.
- You must answer the questions in the spaces provided. Do not write outside the box around each page.
- Show all necessary working; otherwise marks for method may be lost.
- Do all rough work in this book. Cross through any work that you do not want to be marked.

Information

- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- The maximum mark for this paper is 75.

Advice

- Unless stated otherwise, you may quote formulae, without proof, from the booklet.



J U N 1 1 M F P 2 0 1

Answer **all** questions in the spaces provided.

1 (a) Draw on the same Argand diagram:

(i) the locus of points for which

$$|z - 2 - 5i| = 5 \quad (3 \text{ marks})$$

(ii) the locus of points for which

$$\arg(z + 2i) = \frac{\pi}{4} \quad (3 \text{ marks})$$

(b) Indicate on your diagram the set of points satisfying both

$$|z - 2 - 5i| \leq 5$$

and

$$\arg(z + 2i) = \frac{\pi}{4} \quad (2 \text{ marks})$$

QUESTION
PART
REFERENCE



4 The cubic equation

$$z^3 - 2z^2 + k = 0 \quad (k \neq 0)$$

has roots α , β and γ .

- (a) (i)** Write down the values of $\alpha + \beta + \gamma$ and $\alpha\beta + \beta\gamma + \gamma\alpha$. *(2 marks)*
- (ii)** Show that $\alpha^2 + \beta^2 + \gamma^2 = 4$. *(2 marks)*
- (iii)** Explain why $\alpha^3 - 2\alpha^2 + k = 0$. *(1 mark)*
- (iv)** Show that $\alpha^3 + \beta^3 + \gamma^3 = 8 - 3k$. *(2 marks)*
- (b)** Given that $\alpha^4 + \beta^4 + \gamma^4 = 0$:
- (i)** show that $k = 2$; *(4 marks)*
- (ii)** find the value of $\alpha^5 + \beta^5 + \gamma^5$. *(3 marks)*

QUESTION
PART
REFERENCE



- 5 (a)** The arc of the curve $y^2 = x^2 + 8$ between the points where $x = 0$ and $x = 6$ is rotated through 2π radians about the x -axis. Show that the area S of the curved surface formed is given by

$$S = 2\sqrt{2}\pi \int_0^6 \sqrt{x^2 + 4} \, dx \quad (5 \text{ marks})$$

- (b)** By means of the substitution $x = 2 \sinh \theta$, show that

$$S = \pi(24\sqrt{5} + 4\sqrt{2} \sinh^{-1} 3) \quad (8 \text{ marks})$$

QUESTION
PART
REFERENCE



6 (a) Show that

$$(k+1)(4(k+1)^2-1) = 4k^3 + 12k^2 + 11k + 3 \quad (2 \text{ marks})$$

(b) Prove by induction that, for all integers $n \geq 1$,

$$1^2 + 3^2 + 5^2 + \dots + (2n-1)^2 = \frac{1}{3}n(4n^2 - 1) \quad (6 \text{ marks})$$

QUESTION
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7 (a) (i) Use de Moivre's Theorem to show that

$$\cos 5\theta = \cos^5 \theta - 10 \cos^3 \theta \sin^2 \theta + 5 \cos \theta \sin^4 \theta$$

and find a similar expression for $\sin 5\theta$. (5 marks)

(ii) Deduce that

$$\tan 5\theta = \frac{\tan \theta (5 - 10 \tan^2 \theta + \tan^4 \theta)}{1 - 10 \tan^2 \theta + 5 \tan^4 \theta} \quad (3 \text{ marks})$$

(b) Explain why $t = \tan \frac{\pi}{5}$ is a root of the equation

$$t^4 - 10t^2 + 5 = 0$$

and write down the three other roots of this equation in trigonometrical form. (3 marks)

(c) Deduce that

$$\tan \frac{\pi}{5} \tan \frac{2\pi}{5} = \sqrt{5} \quad (5 \text{ marks})$$

QUESTION
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QUESTION
PART
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A large rectangular area with horizontal dotted lines for writing, intended for student responses.

END OF QUESTIONS

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