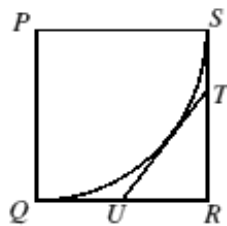




24. The diagram shows a square $PQRS$. The arc QS is a quarter circle. The point U is the midpoint of QR and the point T lies on SR . The line TU is a tangent to the arc QS . What is the ratio of the length of TR to the length of UR ?

A 3 : 2 B 4 : 3 C 5 : 4 D 7 : 6 E 9 : 8



24. **B** Let the square have side-length 2, $RT = h$ and let A be the point of contact between TU and the circle. Two tangents to a circle which meet at a point are of equal length. So as $QU = 1$ so does AU . Similarly $TA = TS = 2 - h$. Applying Pythagoras' Theorem to triangle URT gives $1^2 + h^2 = (1 + 2 - h)^2$ so $1 + h^2 = 9 - 6h + h^2$ and therefore $8 - 6h = 0$ which gives $h = \frac{4}{3}$. The required ratio is then 4 : 3.

