For a positive whole number n, the function $f_{n}\left(x\right)$ is defined by

$$f_n\left(x\right) = \left(x^{2n-1} - 1\right)^2.$$

- (i) On the axes provided opposite, sketch the graph of $y = f_2(x)$ labelling where the graph meets the axes.
- (ii) On the same axes sketch the graph of $y=f_{n}\left(x\right)$ where n is a large positive integer.
- (iii) Determine

$$\int_{0}^{1} f_{n}(x) \, \mathrm{d}x.$$

(iv) The positive constants A and B are such that

$$\int_{0}^{1} f_{n}(x) dx \leq 1 - \frac{A}{n+B} \text{ for all } n \geq 1.$$

Show that

$$(3n-1)(n+B) \geqslant A(4n-1)n$$
,

and explain why $A \leq 3/4$.

(v) When A = 3/4, what is the smallest possible value of B?